Regional HIV/AIDS Epidemiologic Profile of Boston HSR, Massachusetts: 2012

Recent changes to the presentation of Massachusetts HIV/AIDS surveillance data

Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health (MDPH). Bureau of Infectious Diseases, HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports and other HIV data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases who were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts. As of January 1, 2012, this resulted in the removal of 2,924 HIV/AIDS cases, of which 808 have died and 2,116 were living. These persons living with HIV/AIDS may still continue to reside and receive care in the Commonwealth. The total number of persons living with HIV/AIDS, irrespective of location of diagnosis, is the basis for MDPH service planning. This change is partially a result of increased activities required by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) for de-duplication among states in an effort to identify cases that are counted multiple times in the National HIV/AIDS Surveillance System. The cases are assigned to the state that reports the earliest date of AIDS diagnosis if available. If the case has not progressed to AIDS, the case is assigned to the state with the earliest HIV diagnosis date. Please note that all previous HIV/AIDS fact sheets, data reports and presentations include cases that may have been first diagnosed in another state.

Also effective January 1, 2011, the MDPH HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports. and other data presentations have been updated to eliminate the presumed heterosexual exposure mode category for males; those cases have been reassigned to the no identified risk (NIR) exposure mode category. The presumed heterosexual exposure mode category was used with the intention of identifying HIV exposure mode for females when sex with males is the only reported risk factor, there is no evidence of current or past injection drug use (IDU), and behavioral risk and HIV status information about male sexual partners are unknown. Twenty-nine percent of females living with HIV/AIDS and 40% of recent female HIV diagnoses are reported in the presumed heterosexual exposure mode category. The application of the presumed heterosexual exposure mode category to males is overly inclusive in that female to male HIV transmission is biologically less probable, and there are alternate exposure modes that are possible for males, including sex with other men (MSM) or IDU. The CDC reports males diagnosed with HIV/AIDS who report sex with females as their only risk factor, without corresponding partner risk or HIV status information, in the NIR exposure mode category. This revision to report presumed heterosexual male HIV/AIDS cases as NIR will bring Massachusetts HIV/AIDS case reporting for males in alignment with CDC standards. The MDPH will maintain presumed heterosexual and heterosexual exposure mode categories for females.

Table 1. Total number of people reported with HIV infection or AIDS¹ by mortality status on December 31, 2011: Boston HSR, Massachusetts²

	N	%
People Living with HIV/AIDS	5,724	57%
People Reported with HIV or AIDS who are Deceased	4,315	43%
Total Number of People Reported with HIV Infection or		
AIDS	10,039	100%

¹ Does not include individuals diagnosed with HIV infection (non-AIDS) who died prior to January 1, 1999 or who were not in care on January 1, 1999
² Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other

Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program, Data as of 1/1/12

Table 2. Average annual rate of HIV infection diagnosis from 2008 to 2010 and HIV/AIDS prevalence rate on 12/31/11¹: Boston HSR, Massachusetts²

Average annual HIV diagnosis rate from		Average annual number of HIV
2008–2010	Average rate per 100,000	diagnoses
Boston HSR, MA	24.3	190.0
Massachusetts Total	10.3	664.7

HIV/AIDS prevalence rate		Number of people
on 12/31/11	Rate per 100,000	living with HIV/AIDS
Boston HSR, MA	733.1	5,724
Massachusetts Total	277.5	18,170

¹ The denominators for rate calculations are from the MDPH Massachusetts Race Allocated Census 2010 Estimates (MRACE 2010), Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Bureau of Health Information, Statistics, Research, and Evaluation.

² Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program, Data as of 1/1/12

² Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Table 3. People living with HIV/AIDS¹, deaths among people reported with HIV/AIDS, and newly diagnosed HIV infections by year²: 2001–2010, Boston HSR, Massachusetts³

Year	HIV/AIDS Prevalence	Deaths among those with HIV/AIDS	Diagnosis of HIV Infection
2001	4,135	119	305
2001	4,133	109	346
2003	4,560	106	293
2004	4,738	88	265
2005	4,933	84	275
2006	5,079	89	234
2007	5,200	76	197
2008	5,325	76	201
2009	5,445	61	181
2010	5,570	63	188

¹ Number of people living with HIV/AIDS on 12/31 of each year

Data source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program, Data as of 1/1/12

²Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for

the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.
³ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Table 4. People diagnosed with HIV infection from 2008–2010¹ and people living with HIV/AIDS on December 31, 2011 by gender, place of birth, race/ethnicity, exposure mode, age at HIV infection diagnosis and current age: Boston HSR, Massachusetts²

	HIV Infection Diagnoses		PLWH/A	
Gender:	N	%	N	%
Male	434	76%	4,364	76%
Female	136	24%	1,360	24%
Place of Birth:	N	%	N	%
US	357	63%	3,906	68%
Puerto Rico/US Dependency ³	34	6%	339	6%
Non-US	179	31%	1,479	26%
Race/Ethnicity:	N	%	N	%
White (non-Hispanic)	200	35%	2,321	41%
Black (non-Hispanic)	232	41%	2,213	39%
Hispanic/Latino	125	22%	1,086	19%
Asian/Pacific Islander	7	′	87	2%
Other/Undetermined ⁴	7	7	17	<1%
Exposure Mode:	N	%	N	%
Male-to-male sex (MSM)	259	45%	2,714	47%
Injection Drug Use (IDU)	38	7%	788	14%
MSM/IDU	15	3%	190	3%
Heterosexual Sex	63	11%	722	13%
Other	7	1%	109	2%
Total Undetermined	188	33%	1,201	21%
Presumed Heterosexual Sex ⁵	61	11%	445	8%
• Undetermined ⁶	127 N	22%	756 N	13% %
Age:		%		
Under 13	At Diagnosis	1%	On December 31,	
13 to 19	5 13	2%	8 40	<1% 1%
20 to 24	51	2% 9%	81	1%
25 to 29	76	13%	164	3%
30 to 34	76 76	13%	291	5%
35 to 39	76 75	13%	416	7%
40 to 44	83	15%	724	13%
45 to 49	74	13%	1,130	20%
50 to 54	58	10%	1,183	21%
55 to 59	33	6%	856	15%
60+	26	5%	831	15%
Total	570	100%	5,724	100%

¹ Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available three-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.

² Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

³ Ninety-eight percent of people diagnosed with HIV infection from 2008–2010 who were born in a US dependency were born in Puerto Rico, 1% were born in the US Virgin Islands, 1% were born in Guam and 1% were born in an unknown dependency.

⁴ Includes American Indian/Alaska Native, other and unspecified race/ethnicity.

⁵ Includes female sex with male of unknown HIV status or risk. This category is limited to females.

⁶ Includes male sex with female of unknown HIV status or risk, those still being followed up for risk information, those who have died with no determined risk, and those lost to follow-up.

⁷ Values less than five are suppressed for populations less than 50,000 or for populations of unknown size. Additional values may be

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Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program (percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding), Data as of 1/1/12

Table 5. People living with HIV/AIDS on December 31, 2011 by gender and race/ethnicity: Boston HSR, Massachusetts¹

	Male	Female		
Race/Ethnicity:	N	%	N	%
White (non-Hispanic)	2,139	49%	182	13%
Black (non-Hispanic)	1,318	30%	895	66%
Hispanic/Latino /	821	19%	265	19%
Asian/Pacific Islander	73	2%	3	3
Other/Undetermined ²	13	<1%	<u></u> 3	 ³
Total	4,364	100%	1,360	100%

¹ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Table 6. People living with HIV/AIDS on December 31, 2011 by gender and exposure mode: Boston HSR, Massachusetts¹

	Male		Female		
Exposure Mode:	N	%	N	%	
Male-to-male sex (MSM)	2,714	62%	N/A	N/A	
Injection drug use (IDU)	517	12%	S 271 2		
MSM/IDU	190	4%	N/A	N/A	
Heterosexual sex	231	5%	491	36%	
Other	56	1%	53	4%	
Total Undetermined	656	15%	545	40%	
 Presumed heterosexual sex² 	N/A	N/A	445	33%	
 Undetermined³ 	656	15%	100	7%	
Total	4,364	100%	1,360	100%	

¹ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program (percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding), Data as of 1/1/12

² Includes American Indian/Alaska Native, other and unspecified race/ethnicity.

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Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program (percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding), Data as of 1/1/12

² Includes female sex with male of unknown HIV status or risk. This category is limited to females.

Includes male sex with female of unknown HIV status or risk, those still being followed up for risk information, those who have died with no determined risk, and those lost to follow-up.
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⁴ Values less than five are suppressed for populations less than 50,000 or for populations of unknown size. Additional values may be suppressed to prevent back calculation. N/A=Not Applicable

Table 7. People diagnosed with HIV infection by gender and year of diagnosis: Boston HSR, Massachusetts¹, 2001–2010²

	Male		Female		
	N	%	N	%	Total
2001	227	74%	78	26%	305
2002	250	72%	96	28%	346
2003	205	70%	88	30%	293
2004	202	76%	63	24%	265
2005	214	78%	61	22%	275
2006	187	80%	47	20%	234
2007	158	80%	39	20%	197
2008	162	81%	39	19%	201
2009	142	78%	39	22%	181
2010	130	69%	58	31%	188

¹ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Table 8. People diagnosed with HIV infection by race/ethnicity and year of diagnosis: Boston HSR, Massachusetts¹, 2001–2010²

	White Non-Hi	spanic	Black Non-Hispanic		Hispanic/La	atino	Total ³
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N
0004	440	070/	400	400/	5 4	4.00/	005
2001	112	37%	130	43%	54	18%	305
2002	118	34%	157	45%	66	19%	346
2003	102	35%	124	42%	65	22%	293
2004	93	35%	116	44%	53	20%	265
2005	99	36%	102	37%	70	25%	275
2006	95	41%	86	37%	50	21%	234
2007	78	40%	76	39%	36	18%	197
2008	80	40%	79	39%	38	19%	201
2009	60	33%	80	44%	40	22%	181
2010	60	32%	73	39%	47	25%	188

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Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program (percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding), Data as of 1/1/12

² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.

Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program (percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding), Data as of 1/1/12

² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available ten-vear period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.

³ Totals include Asian/Pacific Islander, American Indian/Alaskan Native individuals and those of other or undetermined race/ethnicity

Table 9. People diagnosed with HIV infection by place of birth and year of diagnosis: Boston HSR, Massachusetts¹, 2001–2010²

	US		Puerto US Deper	^	Non	-US	Total
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N
2001	196	64%	9	3%	100	33%	305
2002	210	61%	14	4%	122	35%	346
2003	183	62%	19	6%	91	31%	293
2004	172	65%	9	3%	84	32%	265
2005	178	65%	17	6%	80	29%	275
2006	147	63%	11	5%	76	32%	234
2007	130	66%	9	5%	58	29%	197
2008	132	66%	11	5%	58	29%	201
2009	116	64%	13	7%	52	29%	181
2010	109	58%	10	5%	69	37%	188

¹ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

being reported in Massachusetts.

² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.

³ Ninety-eight percent of all people diagnosed with HIV infection in MA who were born in a US dependency were born in Puerto

³ Ninety-eight percent of all people diagnosed with HIV infection in MA who were born in a US dependency were born in Puerto Rico, 1% were born in the US Virgin Islands, <1% were born in American Samoa, <1% were born in Guam and 1% were born in an unknown dependency.

Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program (percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding), Data as of 1/1/12

Table 10. People diagnosed with HIV infection by exposure mode and year of diagnosis: Boston HSR, Massachusetts¹, 2001–2010²

	MS	SM	ID	U	MS ID		нт	SX	Oth	ner	Pre HTS			eter- ned ⁴	Total
	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N	%	N
2001	127	42%	38	12%	5	5	48	16%	5	 ⁵	28	9%	55	18%	305
2002	138	40%	44	13%	5	 5	66	19%	5	5	25	7%	60	17%	346
2003	119	41%	31	11%	 ⁵	 5	42	14%	 5	5	36	12%	52	18%	293
2004	120	45%	26	10%	 ⁵	⁵	27	10%	 5	 ⁵	34	13%	50	19%	265
2005	144	52%	21	8%	 ⁵	 5	32	12%	 ⁵	 ⁵	23	8%	43	16%	275
2006	121	52%	16	7%	 5	 5	28	12%	 ⁵	 ⁵	21	9%	37	16%	234
2007	97	49%	20	10%	 ⁵	 5	15	8%	 ⁵	 ⁵	13	7%	41	21%	197
2008	98	49%	13	6%	 ⁵	⁵	21	10%	 ⁵	 ⁵	16	8%	41	20%	201
2009	87	48%	11	6%	 5	 5	21	12%	 ⁵	 ⁵	17	9%	41	23%	181
2010	74	39%	14	7%	 ⁵	 ⁵	21	11%	 ⁵	 ⁵	28	15%	45	24%	188

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² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999.

³ Includes female sex with male of unknown HIV status or risk. This category is limited to females.

⁴ Includes male sex with female of unknown HIV status or risk, those still being followed up for risk information, those who have died with no determined risk, and those lost to follow-up.

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MSM = Male-to-Male Sex; IDU = Injection Drug Use; MSM/IDU = Male-to-Male Sex and Injection Drug Use; HTSX = Heterosexual Sex; Pres. HTSX = Presumed Heterosexual Sex

Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program (percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding), Data as of 1/1/12

Table 11. People diagnosed with HIV infection and AIDS within two months and all people diagnosed with HIV infection by year of diagnosis: Boston HSR, Massachusetts¹, 2001–2010²

	HIV and AIDS diagnosed within two months	All HIV infection diagnoses	% diagnosed with HIV and AIDS within two months
Year:	N	N	%
0004	405	005	0.407
2001	105	305	34%
2002	110	346	32%
2003	95	293	32%
2004	81	265	31%
2005	84	275	31%
2006	82	234	35%
2007	63	197	32%
2008	48	201	24%
2009	52	181	29%
2010	52	188	28%

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before being reported in Massachusetts.

Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available ten-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999. Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program, Data as of 1/1/12

Table 12. People diagnosed with HIV infection and AIDS within two months and all people diagnosed with HIV infection by gender, race/ethnicity, and place of birth: Boston HSR, Massachusetts, 1 2008–2010²

	HIV and AIDS diagnosed within two months	All HIV infection diagnoses	% diagnosed with HIV and AIDS within two months
Gender:	N	N	%
Male Female	117 35	434 136	27% 26%
Race/Ethnicity:	N	N	%
White (non-Hispanic) Black (non-Hispanic) Hispanic/Latino Asian/Pacific Islander Other/Undetermined ³	45 74 31 ⁵ ⁵	200 232 125 ⁵ ⁵	23% 32% 25% ⁵ ⁵
Place of Birth:	N	N	%
US Puerto Rico/US Dependencies ⁴ Non-US Total	87 5 60 152	357 34 179 570	24% 15% 34% 27%

¹ Effective January 1, 2011, the Massachusetts Department of Public Health HIV/AIDS fact sheets, epidemiologic reports, and other data presentations have been updated to remove all HIV/AIDS cases that were first diagnosed in another state before being reported in Massachusetts.

Data Source: MDPH HIV/AIDS Surveillance Program (percentages may not add up to 100% due to rounding), Data as of 1/1/12

² Reflects year of HIV infection diagnosis among all individuals reported with HIV infection, with or without an AIDS diagnosis for the most recently available three-year period after the implementation of HIV infection reporting in 1999. ³ Includes American Indian/Alaska Native, other and unspecified race/ethnicity.

⁴ Ninety-eight percent of people diagnosed with HIV infection from 2008–2010 who were born in a US dependency were born in Puerto Rico, 1% were born in the US Virgin Islands, 1% were born in Guam and 1% were born in an unknown dependency.

dependency.

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